In the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace any/all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a metal line in a semiconductor device, comprising the steps of:

forming an interlay insulating film on a semiconductor substrate in which a lower line is formed:

patterning the interlay insulating film to form an aperture unit for forming an upper line connected to the lower line;

cooling the semiconductor substrate in which the aperture unit is formed at a given temperature;

implementing a cleaning process using a hydrogen reduction reaction in order to remove polymer formed on the <u>a</u> sidewall of the aperture unit and a metal oxide film formed on the lower line, wherein the cleaning process is implemented at a <u>temperature of about 25°C - 50°C to minimize degradation of the interlay insulating</u> film;

implementing an annealing process in-situ within a chamber in which the cleaning process is implemented, wherein the annealing process is implemented in two steps, the first step implemented to mitigate stress and detach OH radicals or H₂O residue absorbed on the sidewall of the aperture unit, and the second step implemented at a temperature higher than that of the first step to accomplish densification of the interlay insulating film and the lower line; and

burying the aperture unit with a conductive material to form an upper line.

- 2. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the aperture unit is a contact hole, a trench, a single damascene pattern, or a dual damascene pattern consisting of a via hole and a trench.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein, the cleaning process is implemented using H₂ gas and Ar gas or H₂ gas, Ar gas and N₂ gas at a low temperature of about 25°C -50°C.
- 4. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cleaning process is implemented by implanting H₂ gas of 2 15 sccm and Ar gas of 4 30 sccm at a pressure of

- 1.5 3 mT, a source power of 500 750 W and a bias power of 0 100 W, or implanting H_2 gas of 2 15 sccm, N_2 gas of 2 15 sccm and Ar gas of 4 30 sccm at a pressure of 1.5 3 mT, a source power of 500 750 W and a bias power of 0 100 W.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein, the annealing process is implemented in two steps, wherein the first step is implemented at a relatively low temperature of blow below 100°C 150°C in order to mitigate stress and detach OH radicals or H₂O residua absorbed on the sidewall of the aperture unit, and the second step is implemented at a relatively high temperature of about 300°C 400°C in order to accomplish densification of the interlay insulating film and the lower line.
- 6. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the interlay insulating film is an insulating film of SiOC series having a low dielectric constant.
- 7. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the lower line is a copper film.
- **8.** (Currently Amended) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cooling process is slowly implemented at a rate of 10 50°C/min.
- **9.** (Original) The method as claimed in claim **1**, wherein the step of forming the aperture unit comprises:

etching the interlay insulating film to form a via hole;

burying the via hole with an anti-reflective film; and

etching a part of the interlay insulating film to form a trench having an aperture unit wider than the via hole and exposing the lower line through the via hole.

10. (Original) The method as claimed in claim **9**, wherein the step of forming the trench and the step of implementing the cleaning process are in-situ implemented.

Kim U.S. Serial No. 10/636,168 Page 4 of 8

11. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of forming the upper line comprises:

depositing a barrier film along the step of the semiconductor substrate in which the aperture unit is formed;

depositing a metal seed layer on the barrier film;

forming a metal film on the metal seed layer using an electroplating method, thus burying the aperture unit; and

polishing the metal film to form an upper line.